

Le pronom “y”

huh?

We use the pronoun “ **\_\_\_\_** “ to represent:

* a **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** (***telling where*** - \_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_…) + a **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**
* the **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** + **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**



 Preposition of place + a noun:

Je passe le week-end **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

J’**\_\_\_\_** passe le week-end.

I’m spending the weekend **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

La fête va être **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**?

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Oué, la fête va **\_\_\_\_\_\_** être.

Ya, the party is going to be **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

Tu as nettoyé **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**?

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Oué, j’**\_\_\_\_\_** ai nettoyé!

Yep, I cleaned **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**!

I can do this! Woo hoo! French is so *AWESOME* !



 Preposition “ à ” + the name of a thing:

Je participle **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

J’**\_\_\_\_\_** participe.

I’m particpating **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

Elle veut répondre **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Elle veut **\_\_\_\_** répondre.

She wants to respond **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

(\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.)

Ils ont joué **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Ils **\_\_\_\_\_** ont joué.

They played **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.



Oh pleeeease let this be the last one….!!!

Le pronom “EN”

We use the pronoun “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” to represent

* the preposition “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” + the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of something (or \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_)
* a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ preceded by a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_)



 Preposition “de” plus the name of something

Elle parle \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Elle \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ parle.

She is talking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Ils vont discuter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Ils vont \_\_\_\_ discuter.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

They are going to discuss \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Luc a acheté \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Luc \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a acheté.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Luc bought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.



 Preposition “de” plus a noun preceded by a number or an amount

J’ai \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ à te prêter.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

J’\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ai \_\_\_\_\_ à te prêter.

I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to loan you.

Vous allez avoir \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

Vous allez \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ avoir \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

You are going to have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Ils ont offert \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ à Pierre.

Ils \_\_\_\_\_ ont offert \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ à Pierre.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

They offered Pierre \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.